

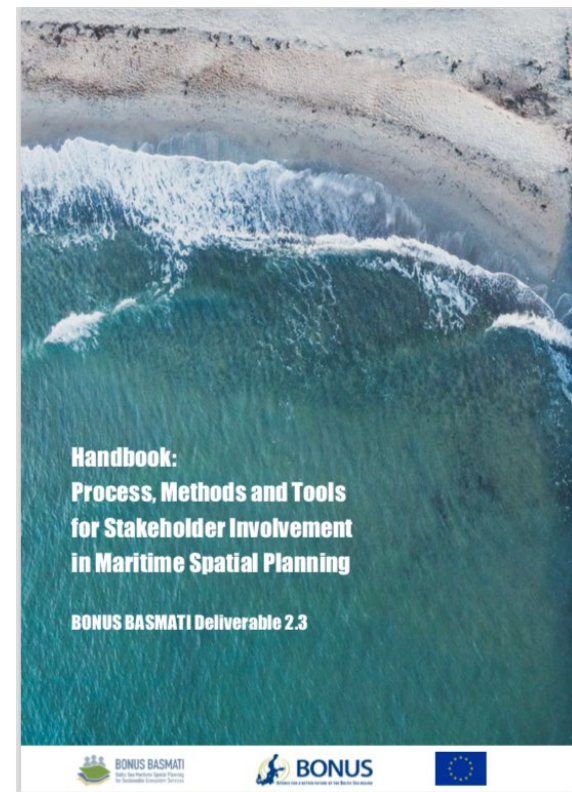
Involving Stakeholders in MSP: Purposes, Process, Methods, Tools

Based on
Handbook: Process, Methods and Tools for
Stakeholder Involvement in Maritime Spatial
Planning

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BONUS BASMATI project, with input from BONUS
BaltSpace, Baltic SCOPE and Pan Baltic Scope





Overview

1. Background: MSP and SI
2. Four key questions
 1. Why: introducing instrumental-normative...
 2. Who: types of stakeholders, needs, understanding
 3. When: phases of process (loop)
 4. How (much): interaction, methods, tools (stairway)
3. Combining it all: the process-scope arrow & examples
4. Conclusion



1. Background



MSP stakeholder involvement

- How organise?
- Who has a mandate?
- Who has a stake?



Challenge: Sharing



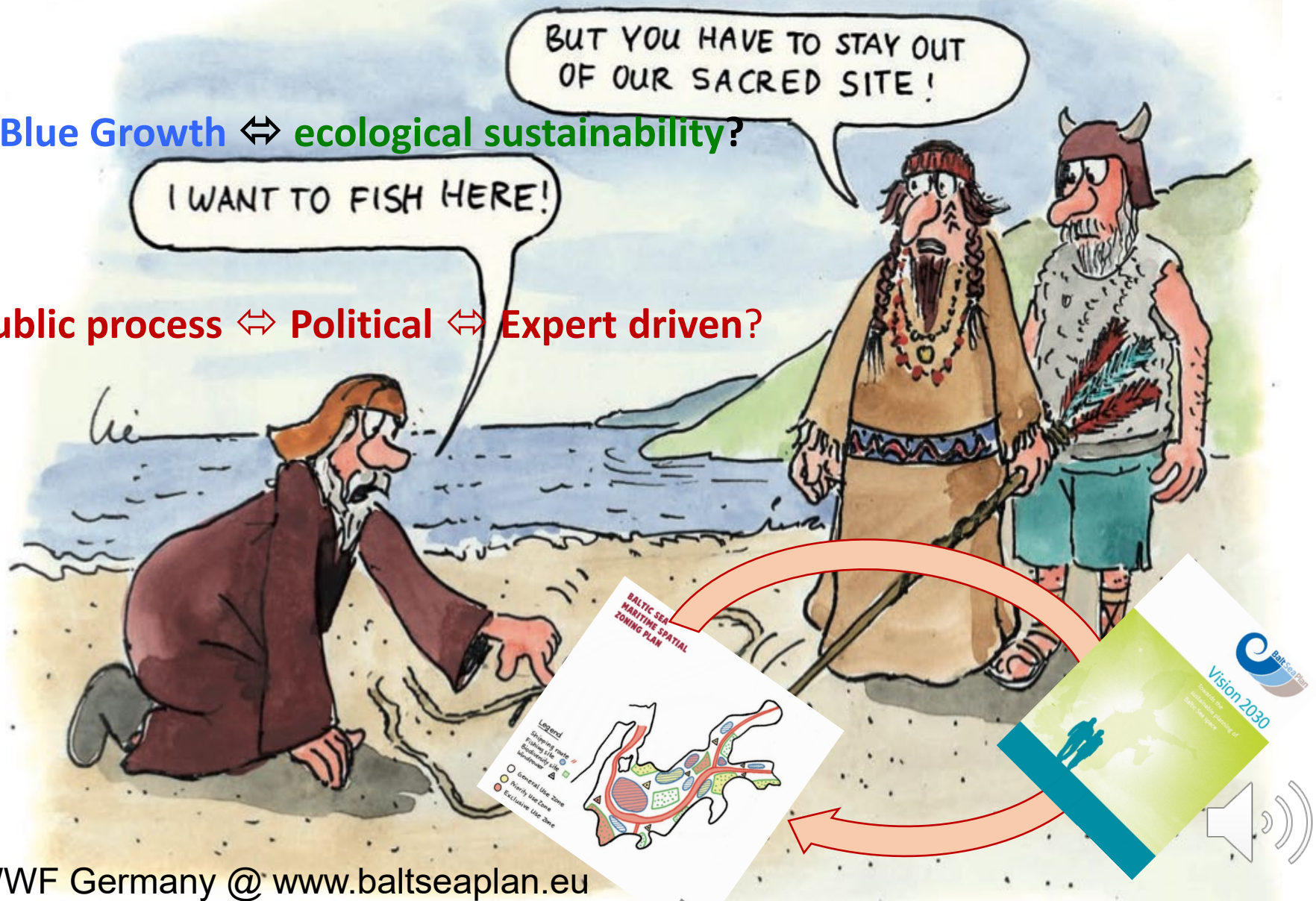
Alternative...



Spatial planning: plan + process

Blue Growth ↔ ecological sustainability?

Public process ↔ Political ↔ Expert driven?



Reflection 1

Stakeholder Involvement

For your context/planning process:

- 1) What is a *stakeholder*?
 - 2) What is *participation/involvement*?
- => Implications for your context/process?

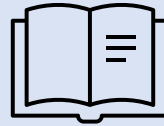


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2. Four key questions

- **WHY?**



- **WHO?**

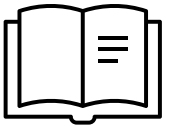


- **WHEN?**



- **HOW**





2.1 Why: Shift in purposes

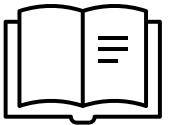
- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

Year	1960-	1970-	1980-	1990-2000-
				Cooperation, working on problems together. Taking advantage of self-sustained activities, shared responsibility, synergies Collaboration, mutual learning
			Activating participation Mobilise endogenous potential, motivate, empowerment	
		Inform & consult public, present plans Improve information and efficiency Legitimacy & democratisation		
	Inform & consult affected parties Juridical protection in legally defined processes			



K. Selle 1996 development of purposes for participation in spatial planning in Germany

Purposes of participation: 3 types

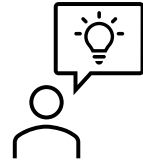


- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

1. Instrumental: useful

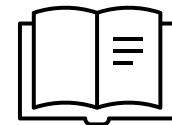


- We need: process input and information
- We want: promote implementation acceptance



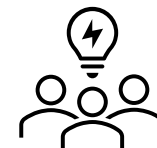
2. Normative: follow norms

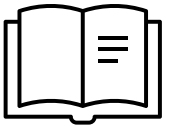
- We have to: legal requirements
- Democratic involvement



3. Transformative: change society

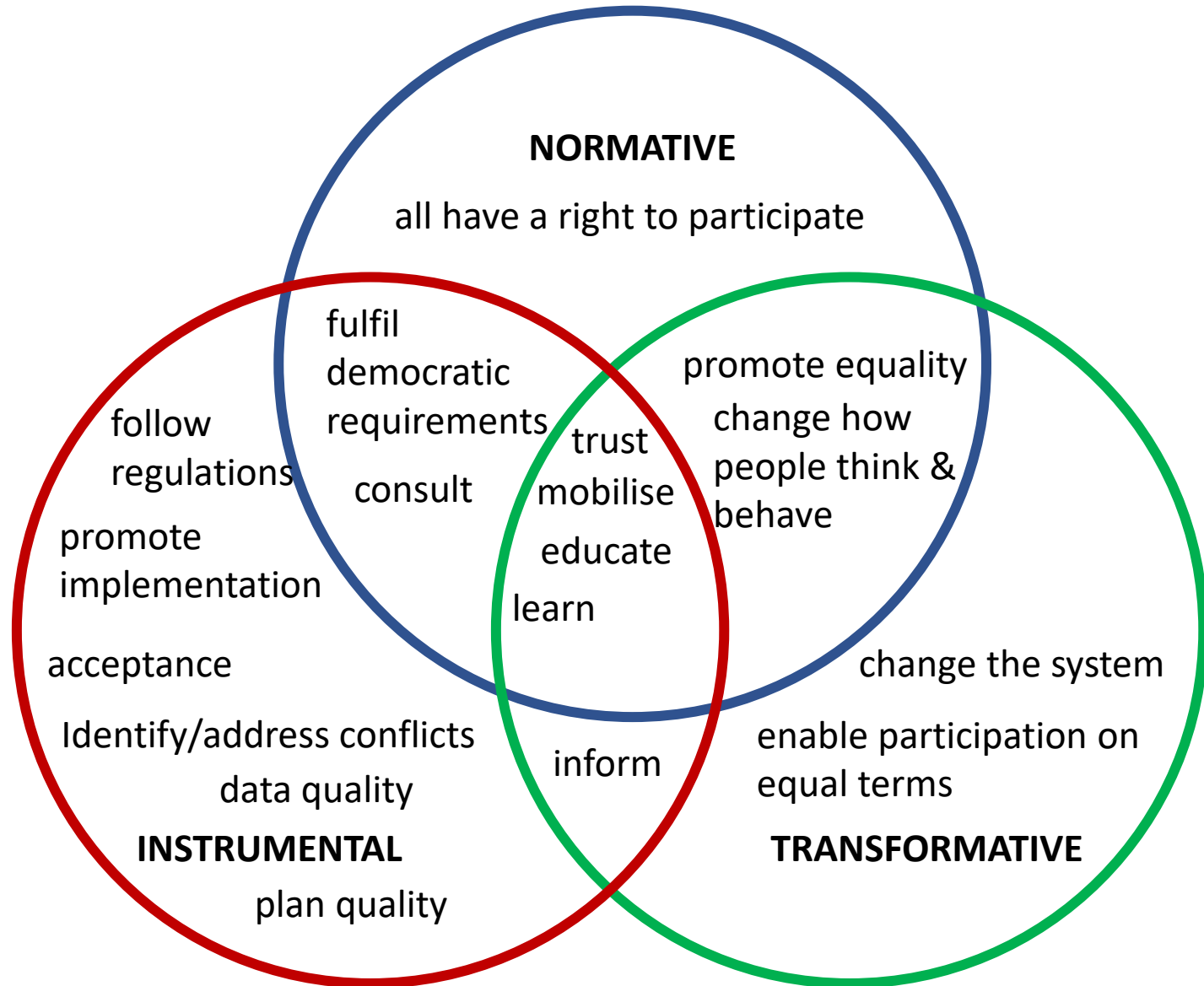
- Mutual learning
- Empower disempowered groups

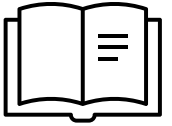




Purposes of participation may overlap

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW





Reflection 2: WHY?

Stakeholder Involvement

- **WHY?**
- **WHO?**
- **WHEN?**
- **HOW**

- 1) Why do you want/need to involve stakeholders in a planning process? Why not?
 - What purposes can you find in legislation and documents?
 - What kinds of input do you expect from participants for your plans/process?
 - What other purposes of stakeholder involvement do you see?
- 2) What might participants want from MSP?
 - Why do they want to participate?
 - What might they expect? Do they know what to expect?

Try to sort and compare purposes:

⇒ How far do they match/differ?

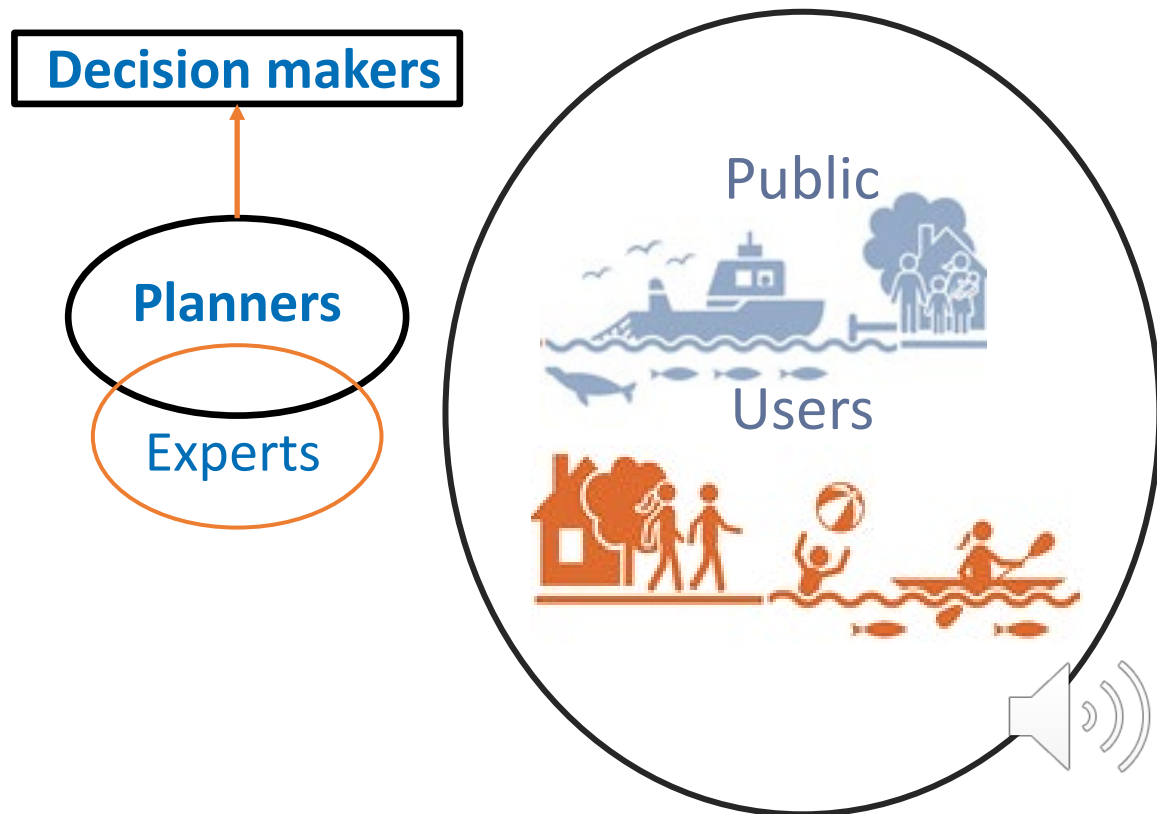
⇒ Anything that may need to be clarified?



2.2 Who are the stakeholders?



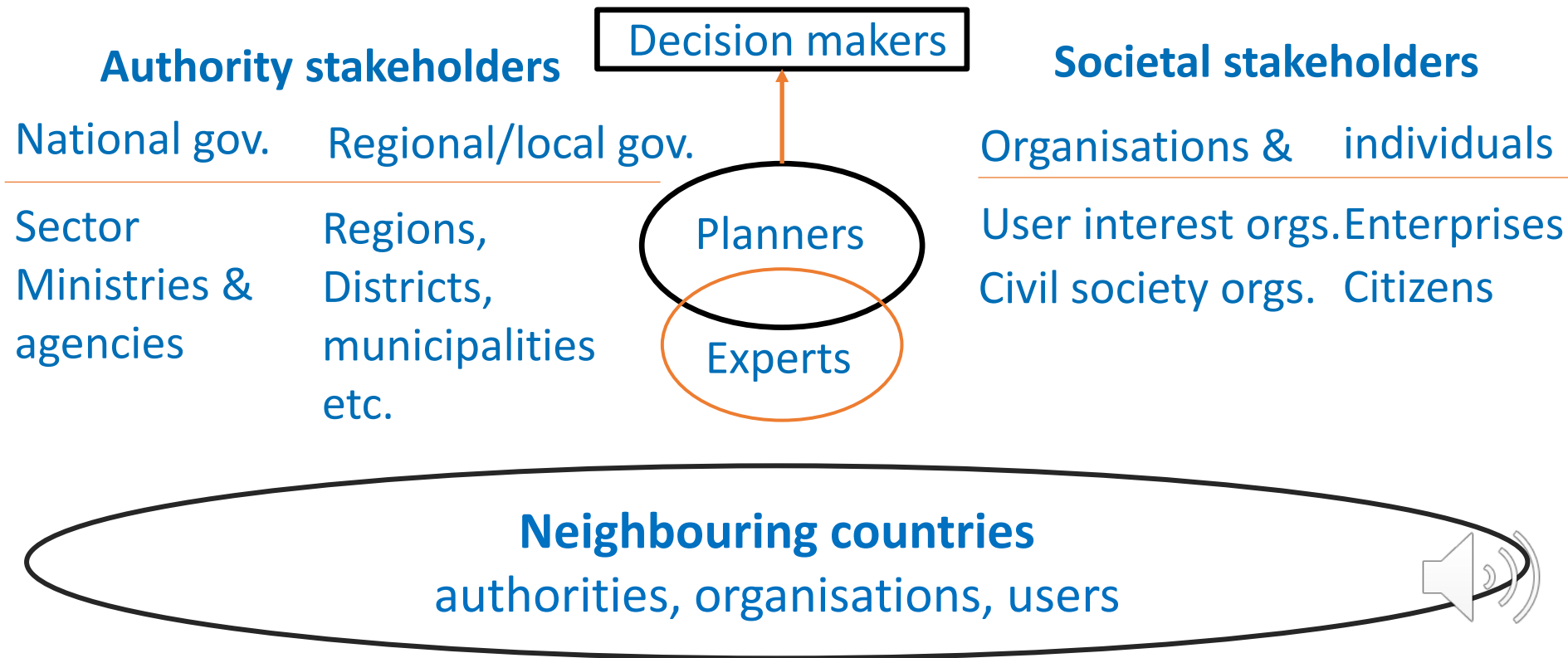
- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



2.2 Who are the stakeholders?



- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW





Stakeholders are diverse



* Users of the coast/sea => multiple interests & hats?

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

- * **Residents:** Year round- & part-time
- * **Fisheries:** professional, households, leisure, gear
- * **Transport:** goods, persons, public, private
- * **Conservation:** cultural, nature, landscape, ...
- * **Extraction/dredging:** oil, gas, gravel... and dumping!
- * **Tourism/recreation:** moorings, boats, bathing, diving, infrastructure...
- * **National defence:** water & land
- * **Industries:** energy production, aquaculture - water & land
- * Uses with **indirect effects:** agriculture, forestry, industry, transport etc.

* Representation through:

- * **Not organised:** individuals (driven key individuals), groups (very active informal groups), enterprises
- * **Formal organisations:** local resident-, enterprise-, conservation-, tourism-, fisheries-, boating-, mixed (NGO-GO),...
- * **Authorities (including governmental organisations):** municipal, regional, national, EU, conventions (often sectoral) including politicians



Stakeholders are multidimensional

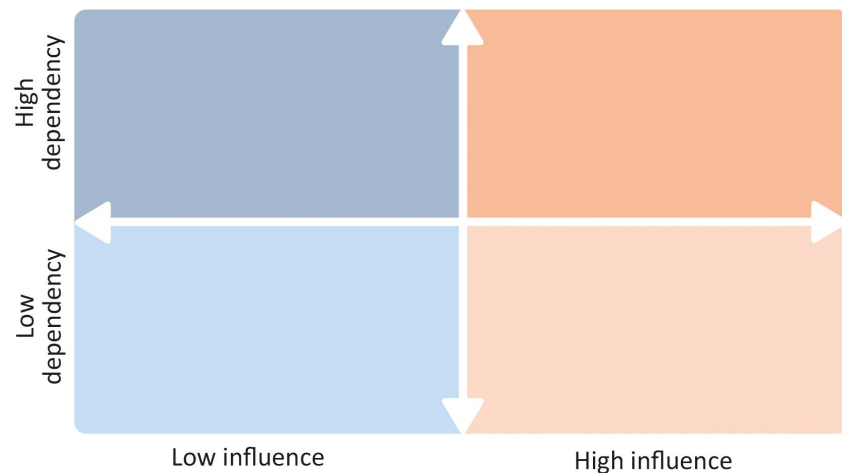
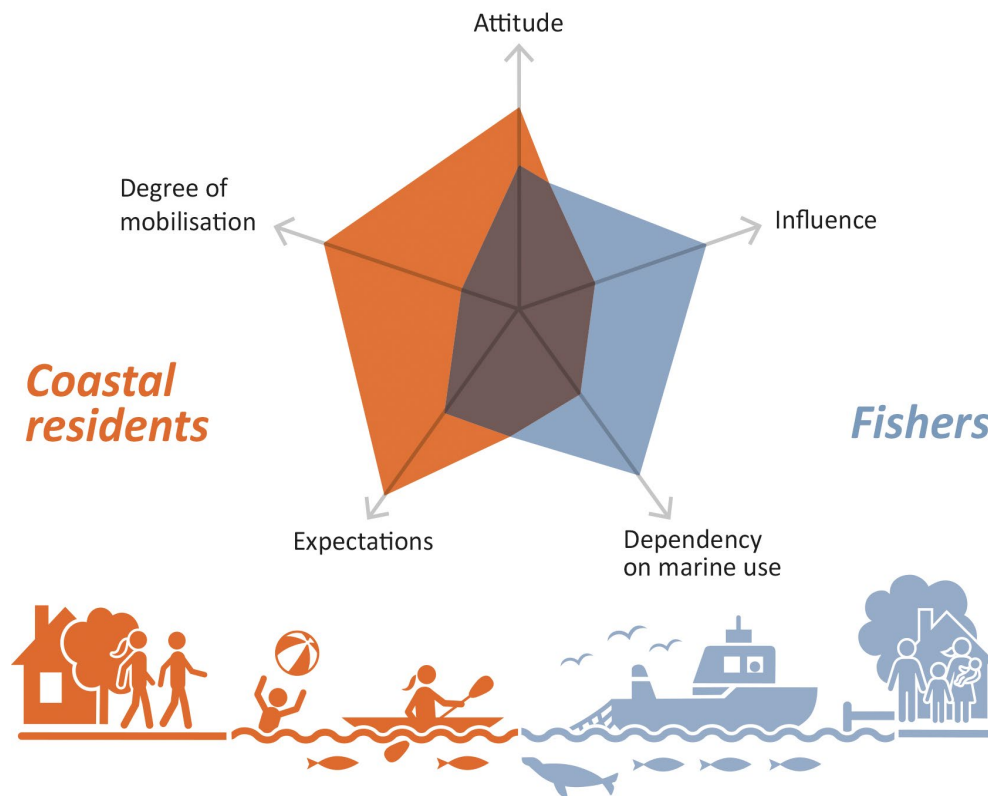
Map stakeholders

=> Understand aims & needs

=> When/how best include them



- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW





Reflection 3: WHO?

Stakeholder Involvement

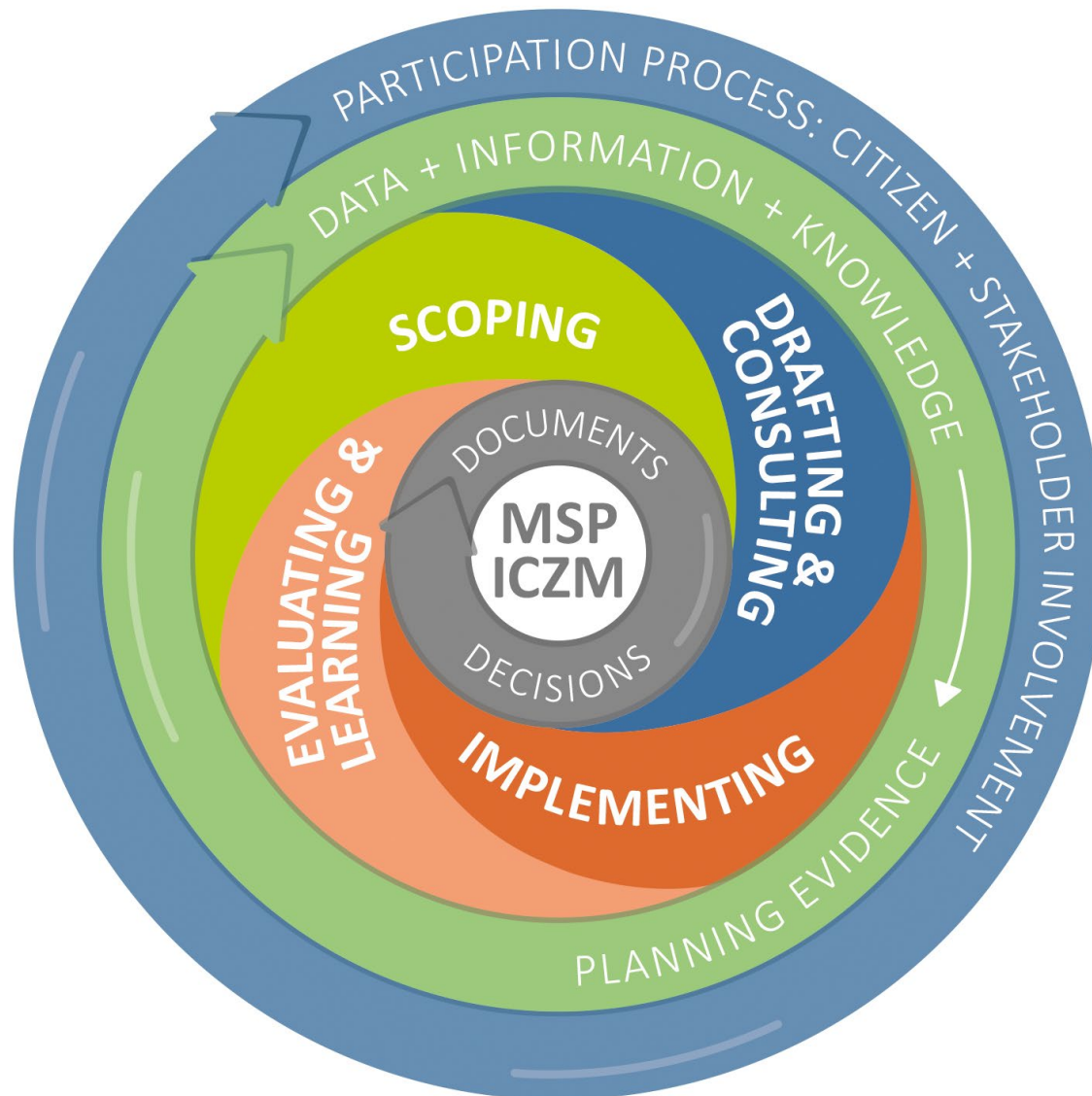
- 1) Who is a stakeholder (may have a stake) in your planning context?
- 2) Why do people participate in MSP?
- 3) What are their roles? Mandate? Influence?
- 4) Who should meet whom?

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



2.3 When to involve stakeholders

The Planning Process Loop



- **WHY?**
- **WHO?**
- **WHEN?**
- **HOW**





Reflection 4: WHEN?

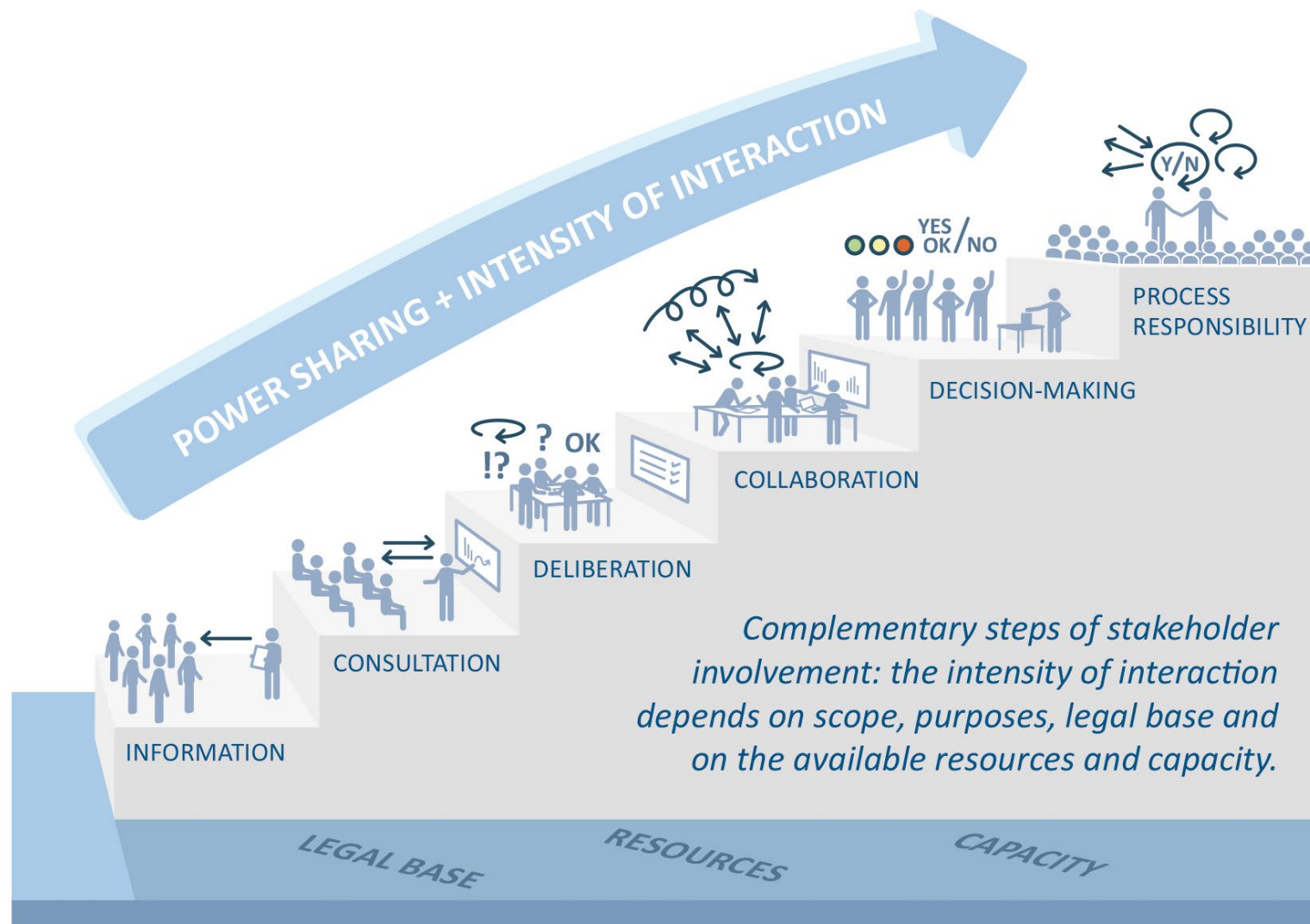
Stakeholder Involvement

- 1) Which phase are your planning process in – or about to enter?
- 2) Based on your “Why”: Which stakeholders are relevant to involve in this phase? Are they all “the usual suspects”?
- 3) How well do you know them? Would a stakeholder analysis be relevant for some?



- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

2.4 HOW involve stakeholders





HOW:

Main forms of participation

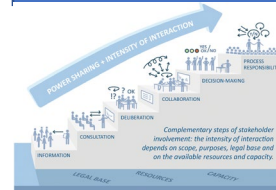
DIRECT

- Citizens, users, enterprise
 - Authority stakeholders
-
- + "Equity", all can participate
 - + Local knowledge, local definition of problems
 - Complicated for large crowds
 - Egotism/narrow views

REPRESENTATIVE

- Representatives for user/ interest groups & organisations
-
- + Time efficient
 - + Resource efficient
 - Distance from problems
 - Representative?

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW





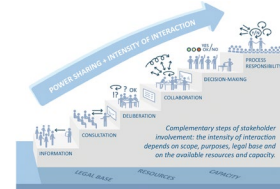
HOW:

Approaches => tools & methods

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

- **Individuals/groups:**
Multilateral ⇔ bilateral ⇔ single
- **Frequency:**
Often – repeatedly – one occasion
- **Forms:**
Written – oral – visual – direct / digital – etc.
- **Content:**
Knowledge – values – places – practices etc.

⇒ Toolbox!



⇒ Leadership, skills & capacity to facilitate and use



Approaches & tools: many!

- Many overall approaches & specific tools for collaboration, knowledge sharing, negotiating: e.g. workshops, conflict matrices, time-lines, scenarios multi criteria analysis, collaborative mapping...

⇒ Inspiration: land based planning, participatory rural appraisal, conservation management and more

Also BONUS BASMATI developed tools:

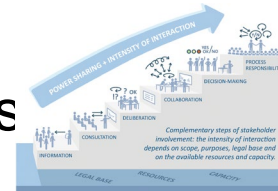
- Sharing knowledge on maps

Baltic Explorer: Interactive map platform for co-creation for individuals, enterprises, organisations etc.

- Map-based visualisation of consequences of alternative scenarios

SEANERGY, SPACEA, MYTILUS, ESA

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

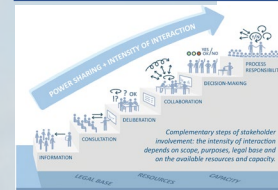




Reflection 5: HOW to involve stakeholders?

- 1) Which level(s) of power sharing is appropriate in your process?
and in which phases?
- 2) Which types of representation?
Direct or representative?
- 3) What setting: meetings, hearings etc?
- 4) Which methods & tools to use?
- 5) Vary regarding 1-4?

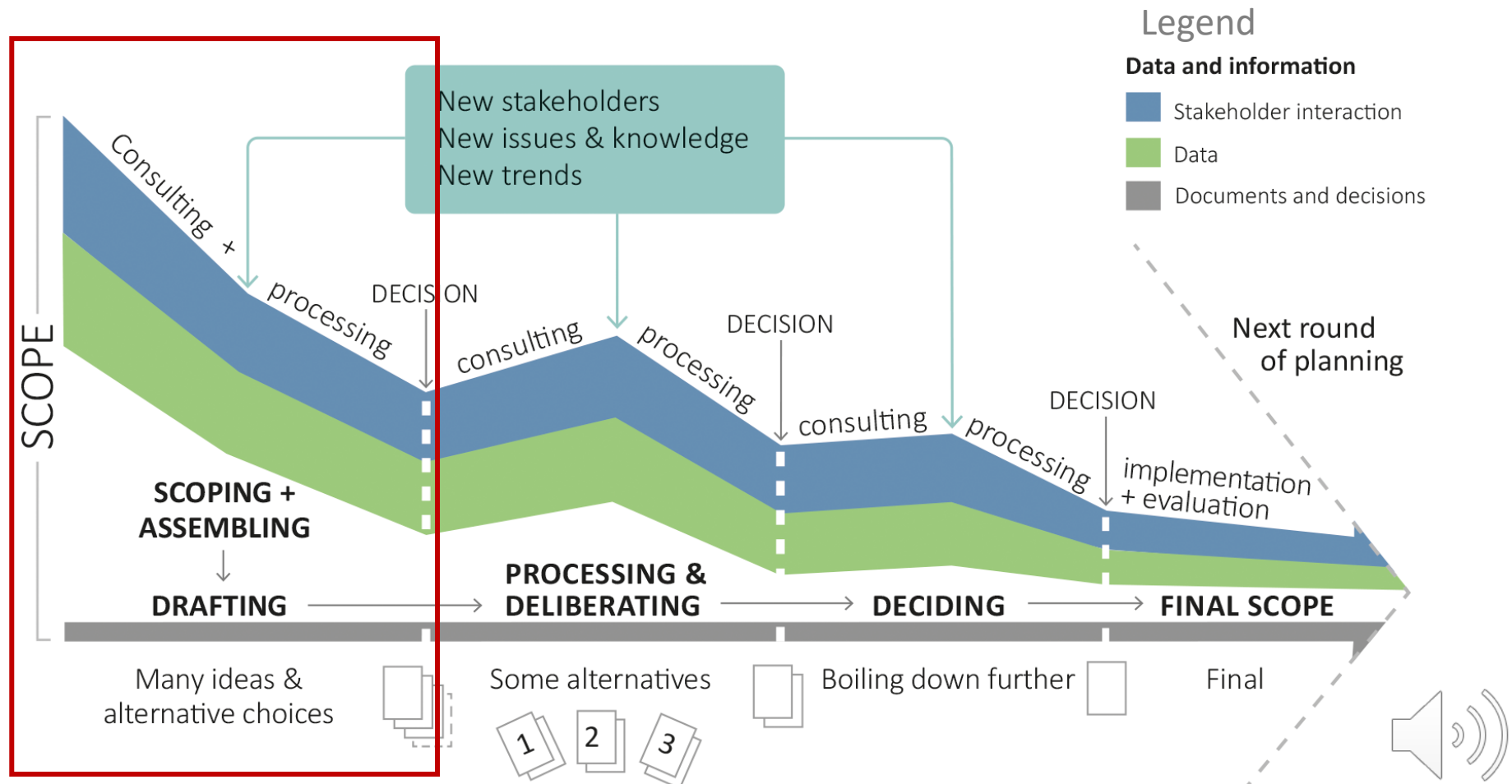
- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



3. Varying scope & Involvement throughout the whole process

Examples: Baltic Sea Practice

- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



3.1 Scoping



- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



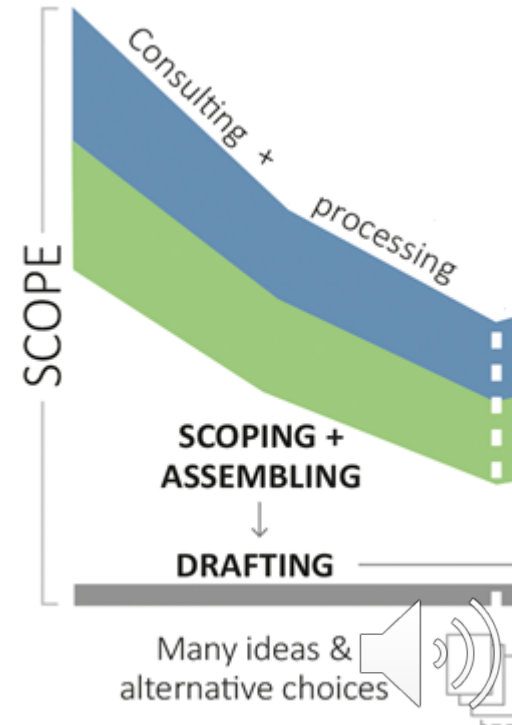
Denmark:

- Extract knowledge and data from municipalities, stakeholders, research in semi closed workshops

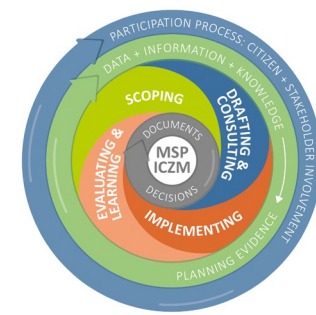


Germany (MV):

- Pre-planning phase: International projects as main setting
- Cross-sector transnational meetings
- Various methods to identify conflicts



3.2 Drafting & consulting



- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW



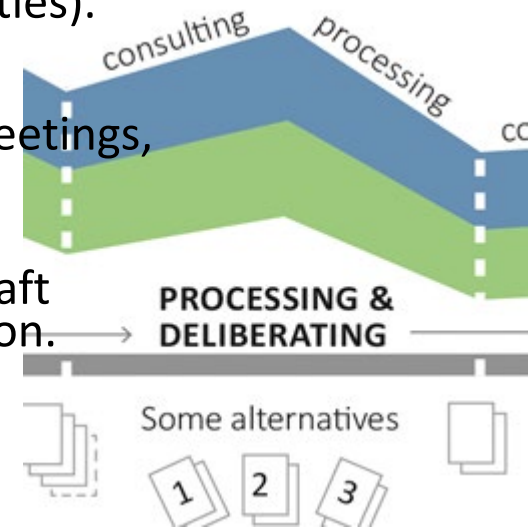
Denmark:

- Sector ministries involved in collaboration and decision-making in parts.
- Public and direct sector rep. excluded in this phase
- When plan draft is published: a public hearing phase and consultation with selected stakeholders (municipalities).



Germany (MV):

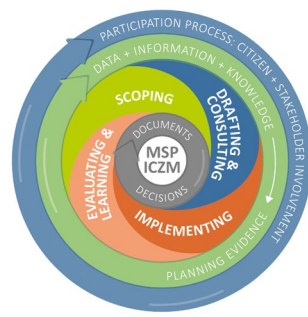
- Conferences, formal and informal working group meetings, written comments
- Many bilateral conversations.
- Comments from formal public consultation on 1st draft used to produce 2nd draft and from this a final version.



Sweden (national):

- Thematic working groups w. sector authorities.
- Funding of (cross-) municipal MSP projects (enable).
- Extra consultation on status analysis, road map & early plan draft
- Written comments, sector & broad meetings, dialogue meetings with specific groups on request
- 2 formal stages of consultation before final version submitted to Government for adoption.





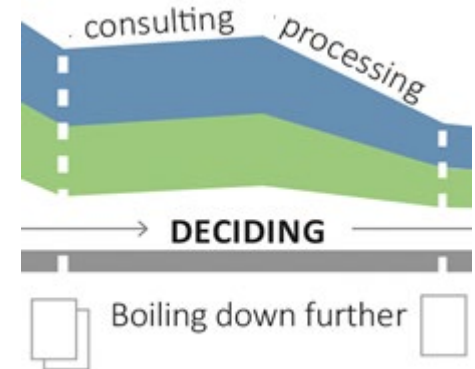
- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

3.3 Implementing



Sweden:

- Adoption under way. Implementation to occur at all levels – local/regional spatial planning & sector authorities.
- Participation process with authorities also x-border (coordination, cooperation, collaboration, involvement) seen as important for anchoring plan with implementing authorities at all levels.

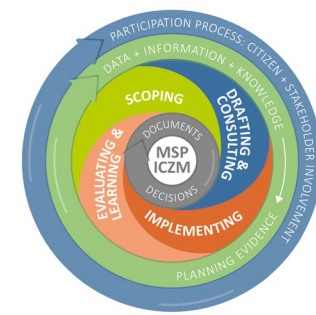


Germany (EEZ):

- Final version becomes a legal ordinance and is implemented. A new planning loop begins.




3.4 Evaluation & learning

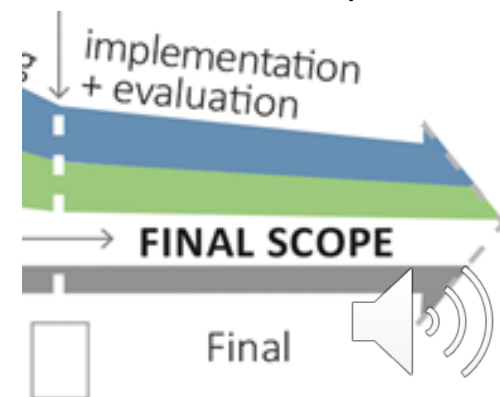


- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

 Sweden (national): evaluating planning process and developing a framework for follow up both plan, SEA and participation process.

 Germany (EEZ): informal evaluation of its EEZ plans, enhanced its participation process for the 2nd round of MSP (e.g. greater focus on informal consultation before formal process).

- Mecklenburg Vorpommern (terr. waters):
Working group meetings with public authorities, private actors, research both nationally and internationally, cross-sectoral focus, to exchange information – purpose was to implement and advance the plan.





- WHY?
- WHO?
- WHEN?
- HOW

Reflection 6:

Stakeholder Involvement

WHY => WHO, HOW & WHEN?

- 1) Based on the **purposes**
- 2) **Who** should be involved and **when**?
- 3) What kinds of **interaction** is needed?
- 4) What **methods/forms** are suitable?
- 5) What **places** and **settings** are most convenient?
- 6) What kind of **capacity** is needed for **facilitation** and for **participation**? Capacity building necessary?

=> SI/communication strategy & resource plan



4. Conclusion & Thanks!

We hope this helps you to develop your own thinking

- About stakeholder involvement in general
- To develop your own communication strategy

⇒ Think about the 4 Qs early on - and on and on...!

⇒ Communicate your intentions and empower if needed!

⇒ Listen & document the input and how you use it!

Looking forward to receiving your feedback

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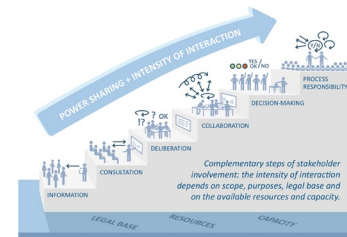
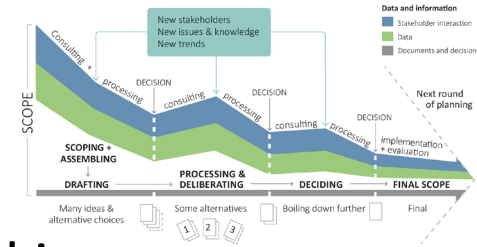
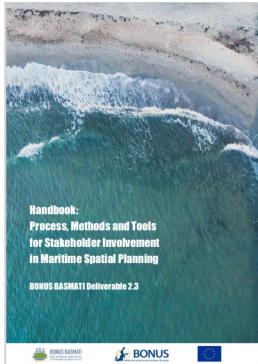


Figure © WWF Germany @ www.baltseaplan.eu



Further material & references

- www.bonusbasmati.eu : Handbook
- This presentation: [link...](#)
- www.baltspace.eu: movie, stakeholder integration, cases
- www.balticscope.eu: stakeholder integration, lessons learned
- Morf et al 2019. Towards a ladder of MSP participation. Chapter 10 In: Zauha, J., & Gee, K. (eds). *Marine spatial planning – past, present, future*. (eBook); <https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-98696-8>
- Morf et al. 2019. Towards sustainability of marine governance from a stakeholder integration perspective: challenges and enablers for stakeholder involvement in transboundary Marine Spatial Planning (MSP) in the Baltic Sea Area. *Ocean and Coastal Management*. Vol. 177, 1 July 2019, Pages 200-212, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ocecoaman.2019.04.009>

